



SUMMER INTERNSHIP REPORT

Submitted by

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In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree Of

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

In

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & DATA SCIENCE

VELAMMAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

CHENNAI 601 204

ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI: 600 025

AUGUST 2025

ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI: 600025

BONAFIDE CERTIFIC

ATE

Certified that this summer internship report “**SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT**” is the Bonafide work of **R.MOHANAPRASANTH (113323243058)** who carried out the internship work under my supervision.

SIGNATURE

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Date:08-10-2025

TO WHOMSOEVER THIS MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that, **R. Mohanaprasanth** Reg. No **113323243058** Artificial Intelligence & Data Science (AI & DS) student at Velammal Institute of Technology Panchetti, Thiruvallur District has successfully completed his Internship titled **Software Developer Intern** in our company during the period from **20th August 2025 to 19th September 2025**.

We wish him all the best in all his future endeavors.

Arokia Peter



Company Guide Signature & Seal

Bugbusterslabs Pvt Limited
531, Second Floor, Stonedge Towers, Ashok Nagar, Chennai – 600083, Tamil Nadu, India

Bugbusterslabs, Inc.
111B S Governors Ave STE, 20032 Dover City, Delaware – 19904, USA.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We are personally indebted to many who had helped us during the course of this project work. Our deepest gratitude to the **God Almighty**.

We are greatly and profoundly thankful to our beloved Chairman **Thiru.M.V.Muthuramalingam** for facilitating us with this opportunity. Our sincere thanks to our respected Director **Thiru.M.V.M Sasi Kumar** for his consent to take up this project work and make it a great success.

We are also thankful to our Advisors **Shri.K.Razak**, **Shri.M.Vaasu**, our Principal **Dr.N.Balaji** and our Vice Principal **Dr.S.Soundararajan** for their never ending encouragement that drives us towards innovation.

We are extremely thankful to our Head of the Department **Dr.S.PadmaPriya** for their valuable teachings and suggestions.

From the bottom of our heart with profound reference and high regards, we would like to thank Ms.Krati Porwal , Human Resources and Academic Head, InternPe, who has been the pillar of this project without whom we would not have been able to complete the project successfully.

The Acknowledgment would be incomplete if we would not mention word of thanks to our Parents. Teaching and Non-Teaching Staffs, Administrative Staffs and Friends for their motivation and support throughout the project. Thank you one and all.

ABSTRACT

This report presents a comprehensive overview of my industrial training experience at **INTERNPE**, where I underwent an intensive internship in **Web Development** as part of the **B.Tech in Artificial Intelligence and Data Science** curriculum at **Velammal Institute of Technology**. The internship aimed to provide practical exposure to front-end web technologies—**HTML, CSS, and JavaScript**—through the design and implementation of multiple real-world projects.

Throughout the internship, I developed several interactive web applications, including a **Basic Calculator**, a **Static E-Commerce Website**, a **To-Do List Application**, and a **Connect 4 Game**. Each task progressively enhanced my understanding of web design principles, responsive layouts, user interactivity, and DOM manipulation. These projects enabled me to gain hands-on experience in **UI/UX design, event handling, error management, and cross-browser compatibility**, ensuring the creation of functional and visually appealing applications.

The internship fostered both **technical proficiency and professional growth**, emphasizing best coding practices, collaboration, and debugging strategies. The **Connect 4 Game project** served as a major milestone, integrating logical algorithms with creative front-end design, thereby strengthening my problem-solving skills and knowledge of interactive JavaScript-based applications.

Overall, this internship significantly enhanced my confidence and capability as a front-end developer. It provided valuable industry-oriented learning, bridging the gap between theoretical concepts and real-world implementation, and laid a strong foundation for future contributions to innovative web development projects.

Organization Information:

Name of the Organization :

BUGBUSTERSLAB

Website : www.bugbusterslabs.com

Type of Organization:

BUGBUSTERSLABS is a cybersecurity-focused organization dedicated to empowering businesses to protect their digital assets and strengthen their online security posture. The company operates as a trusted bug bounty and vulnerability disclosure platform, connecting ethical hackers, security researchers, and organizations worldwide to identify and mitigate security risks proactively.

About the Organization:

At **BUGBUSTERSLABS**, the mission is to create a safer digital ecosystem through transparency, integrity, innovation, and collaboration. The organization provides a secure and ethical environment for vulnerability reporting, bridging the gap between researchers and companies in need of advanced cybersecurity assurance.

Through its platform, Bugbusterslabs facilitates responsible vulnerability disclosure programs, promotes continuous learning among ethical hackers, and supports organizations in strengthening their defensive capabilities against evolving threats.

Core Activities:

- Facilitating coordinated vulnerability disclosure and bug bounty programs for organizations.
- Building a trusted network of ethical hackers and cybersecurity researchers.
- Providing organizations with in-depth security assessments, reports, and remediation guidance.
- Promoting transparency, ethical conduct, and community engagement in the cybersecurity field.
- Encouraging continuous learning through knowledge sharing and real-world testing opportunities.

Role of BUGBUSTERSLAB in the Internship:

During the internship period, **Bugbusterslabs** served as the practical learning and project coordination center, providing exposure to **Bug Bounty Platforms** and **Software API Testing**. Under the mentorship and guidance of cybersecurity professionals, the intern actively contributed to **analyzing, testing, and validating APIs**, simulating real-world software testing environments.

The internship emphasized hands-on experience in identifying functional and security-level issues, documenting test cases, and collaborating within a technical team environment. This experience significantly enhanced the intern's analytical, collaborative, and technical skills while offering valuable insight into the operational and ethical aspects of modern cybersecurity practices.

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Learning Objectives / Internship Objectives

The **Software Testing Internship at Bugbusterslabs** was designed to provide hands-on exposure to the fundamentals of software quality assurance, API validation, and security-focused testing practices. The program aimed to bridge theoretical knowledge with real-world testing scenarios in a professional cybersecurity environment.

1. To gain practical experience in software testing methodologies, including manual and automated testing approaches, with a focus on identifying functional and security-related defects.
2. To understand the structure and functioning of APIs by testing endpoints, validating request–response behavior, and ensuring proper data handling and performance consistency.
3. To develop analytical and problem-solving skills through test case design, execution, bug reporting, and verification of resolved issues.
4. To enhance technical proficiency in using tools and platforms related to bug bounty programs, API testing, and vulnerability analysis.
5. To strengthen understanding of software testing life cycles (STLC) and documentation practices, including preparing structured test reports and validation logs.
6. To learn effective debugging and error-handling techniques, ensuring the stability, reliability, and integrity of tested software systems.
7. To cultivate collaboration and communication skills by engaging with mentors, technical teams, and cybersecurity professionals throughout the testing process.
8. To apply theoretical concepts from coursework to practical, real-world testing environments, bridging the gap between academic learning and industry requirements.
9. To develop a professional and ethical mindset aligned with the principles of responsible disclosure and cybersecurity best practices.

WEEKLY OVERVIEW OF INTERNSHIP ACTIVITIES

WEEK - 1

DATE	DAY	NAME OF THE TOPIC/MODULE COMPLETED
20/08/25	Monday	Introduction to Web Development & HTML Basics
21/08/25	Tuesday	HTML, Elements, Forms, Tables and Lists.
22/08/25	Wednesday	Introduction to CSS – Styling and Selectors
23/08/25	Thursday	CSS Box Model and Page Layout Design
24/08/25	Friday	Responsive Design using Media Queries
24/08/25	Saturday	Mini Task: Creating a Personal Portfolio Page

WEEK - 2

DATE	DAY	NAME OF THE TOPIC/MODULE COMPLETED
01/07/25	Monday	Introduction to JavaScript – Variables and Data Types
02/07/25	Tuesday	JavaScript Operators and Conditional Statements
03/07/25	Wednesday	Functions, Loops, and Arrays
04/07/25	Thursday	DOM Manipulation and Event Handling
05/07/25	Friday	Building a Basic Calculator using JavaScript
06/07/25	Saturday	Testing and Debugging the Calculator Project

WEEK - 3

DATE	DAY	NAME OF THE TOPIC/MODULE COMPLETED
08/07/25	Monday	Introduction to Project 2 – Static E-Commerce Website
09/07/25	Tuesday	Product Display and Navigation Bar Design
10/07/25	Wednesday	Adding Product Cards and CSS Styling
11/07/25	Thursday	Adding Interactive Buttons and Links
12/07/25	Friday	Creating a Responsive Product Page
13/07/25	Saturday	Project Testing and Layout Optimization

WEEK - 4

DATE	DAY	NAME OF THE TOPIC/MODULE COMPLETED
15/07/25	Monday	Introduction to To-Do List Application
16/07/25	Tuesday	Task Input, Addition, and Deletion Functionalities
17/07/25	Wednesday	Marking Tasks as Completed using JavaScript
18/07/25	Thursday	Adding Local Storage for Task Persistence
19/07/25	Friday	Final Project – Connect 4 Game Development
20/07/25	Saturday	Project Review, Evaluation & Internship Report Submission

INTRODUCTION

The **Software Testing Internship Report** provides a comprehensive overview of the industrial training experience undertaken by [Your Full Name], a student of **B.Tech Artificial Intelligence and Data Science** at **Velammal Institute of Technology**, in collaboration with **Bugbusterslabs**.

The internship was aimed at gaining **practical exposure to software testing methodologies and API validation processes**, while applying theoretical knowledge of software engineering and cybersecurity to real-world testing environments. The program focused on strengthening analytical thinking, problem-solving, and technical precision through active participation in structured testing activities.

This internship served as a crucial bridge between academic learning and professional application, emphasizing the importance of **quality assurance, software reliability, and secure system validation**. Interns were guided through the systematic processes of **test case design, API request–response analysis, bug reporting, and documentation**, ensuring a well-rounded understanding of both functional and security testing principles.

Throughout the internship, a series of practical modules and assignments were completed to enhance technical proficiency and testing accuracy. Each task was carefully designed to provide real-world exposure to tools, workflows, and standards used in professional software testing environments.

Task 1 – Basic Calculator:

The initial phase introduced the fundamentals of **software testing and quality assurance**, covering the Software Testing Life Cycle (STLC), types of testing, and documentation practices. This stage established a foundational understanding of structured testing and its role in maintaining software quality.

Task 2 – Static E-Commerce Website:

In this phase, the intern explored **bug bounty programs and responsible vulnerability disclosure frameworks**, gaining insight into how organizations identify and mitigate potential security threats

through ethical hacker collaboration. It helped in understanding platform workflows, reporting formats, and risk evaluation processes.

Task 3 – To-Do List Application:

This task focused on **hands-on API testing** using tools such as **Postman**, where the intern performed **functional, negative, and response validation testing**. The task enhanced skills in analyzing request–response structures, verifying status codes, and ensuring accurate data exchange between client and server.

Task 4 – Connect 4 Game:

The final phase emphasized **test report preparation, bug documentation, and result analysis**, ensuring that findings were clearly communicated and verified for accuracy. The internship concluded with a **comprehensive evaluation**, reflecting the intern’s ability to apply testing concepts to real-world scenarios with attention to detail and quality assurance.

ANALYSIS

1. Overview of the Report

1. The submitted report, titled “**Software Testing Internship**”, represents a detailed documentation of the industrial training undertaken by [Your Name], a student of **B.Tech Artificial Intelligence and Data Science** at **Velammal Institute of Technology**, as part of the academic curriculum requirement.
2. The internship was organized and supervised by **Bugbusterslabs**, a reputed cybersecurity organization specializing in **bug bounty programs, vulnerability disclosure, and software security assessment**. The training focused on gaining practical exposure to **software testing methodologies, API validation, and quality assurance practices** through structured learning modules and guided project work.
3. This report follows a professional format that includes institutional certification, internship completion acknowledgment, mentor declaration, a weekly overview of activities, detailed task explanations, and a comprehensive conclusion summarizing the key technical learnings and achievements.

4. Objective of the Internship

- The primary objective of this internship was to **bridge the gap between academic knowledge and professional application** in the field of **software testing and cybersecurity validation**. The program aimed to:
 - Develop a foundational understanding of software testing principles and life cycle processes (STLC).
 - Gain hands-on experience in **API testing, test case design, and bug reporting**.
 - Strengthen analytical and problem-solving skills through **functional and performance testing**.
 - Understand **bug bounty workflows**, responsible disclosure practices, and real-world vulnerability management.
 - Enhance documentation, communication, and collaboration skills within a cybersecurity environment.
 - Cultivate an ethical and detail-oriented approach toward ensuring **software quality and reliability**.
 - Through this structured approach, the internship successfully fostered a **professional testing mindset** and a deeper appreciation for the importance of **accuracy, integrity, and continuous improvement** in modern software systems..

5. Structure and Organization of the Report

The report is systematically organized into the following sections to ensure clarity and logical progression:

- **Introduction:** Provides a background of the organization, objectives, and the scope of the internship.
- **Learning Objectives:** Outlines the specific goals and learning targets set for the internship.
- **Weekly Overview:** Summarizes the week-by-week learning modules and activities completed.
- **Task Descriptions:** Details the core testing assignments, tools used, and outcomes achieved.
- **Findings and Outcomes:** Highlights the technical skills acquired, challenges faced, and resolutions implemented.
- **Conclusion:** Summarizes key achievements, personal growth, and professional development during the internship.

TASK DESCRIPTION AND OUTCOMES

TASK 1 : CALCULATOR TASK:

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of a basic calculator in WEB DEVELOPMENT is to provide a user-friendly interface for performing basic arithmetic operations. Here are some key objectives and features of a basic calculator in WEB DEVELOPMENT:

1. Perform Basic Arithmetic Operations:

- Addition
- Subtraction
- Multiplication
- Division

2. User-Friendly Interface:

- Provide a clean and intuitive interface that allows users to easily input numbers and operators.
- Buttons for digits (0-9), decimal point, and basic operators (+, -, *, /) should be easily accessible.

3. Real-time Display:

- Display the numbers and operations entered by the user in real-time.
- Update the result dynamically as the user inputs values or performs operations.

4. Clear Functionality:

- Include a clear or reset button to allow users to easily start a new calculation or clear the current input.

5. Responsive Design:

- Ensure that the calculator is responsive and works well on various devices, including desktops, tablets, and mobile phones.

6. Keyboard Support:

- Enable keyboard support so that users can input numbers and perform operations using both the mouse and keyboard.

7. Error Handling:

- Handle potential errors gracefully, such as division by zero or invalid input, and provide feedback to the user.

8. Memory Functions (Optional):

- Include memory functions such as memory recall, memory store, and memory clear, if needed.

9. Accessibility:

- Implement accessibility features to ensure that the calculator is usable by people with disabilities. This may include providing alternative text for images, ensuring keyboard navigation, and using ARIA roles.

10. Integration with Other Web Applications (Optional):

- If the calculator is part of a larger web application, ensure seamless integration with other components and functionalities.

11. Cross-Browser Compatibility:

- Test the calculator across different web browsers to ensure compatibility and a consistent user experience.

12. Customization (Optional):

- Allow users to customize the appearance of the calculator, such as themes or color schemes.

In summary, the objective of a basic calculator in WEB DEVELOPMENT is to provide a simple yet functional tool for users to perform basic arithmetic calculations with ease and efficiency.

HOW TO PERFORM:

Creating a basic calculator involves HTML for the structure, CSS for styling, and JavaScript for the functionality. Here's a step-by-step guide on how you can create a simple calculator using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript:

Certainly! Here are the steps without the actual code:

1. HTML Structure:

- Create an HTML file with a structure that includes an input/display area and buttons for digits and operations.

2. CSS Styling:

- Style the HTML elements to make the calculator visually appealing. Use CSS for layout, fonts, colors, and other styling.

3. JavaScript Variables:

- Set up JavaScript variables to store the current input, current operation, and any other necessary variables.

4. Number Button Functionality:

- Create JavaScript functions to handle the click event of number buttons. Append the clicked number to the current input.

5. Operation Button Functionality:

- Create JavaScript functions to handle the click event of operation buttons. Set the current operation and store the current input.

6. Calculate Functionality:

- Implement a function to perform calculations based on the stored operation and current input. Update the display with the result.

7. Clear Functionality:

- Implement a function to clear the current input and operation, resetting the calculator.

8. Display Update Functionality:

- Write a function to update the display with the current input or a default value.

9. Event Listeners:

- Attach event listeners to the HTML buttons, calling the appropriate JavaScript functions when buttons are clicked.

10. Testing:

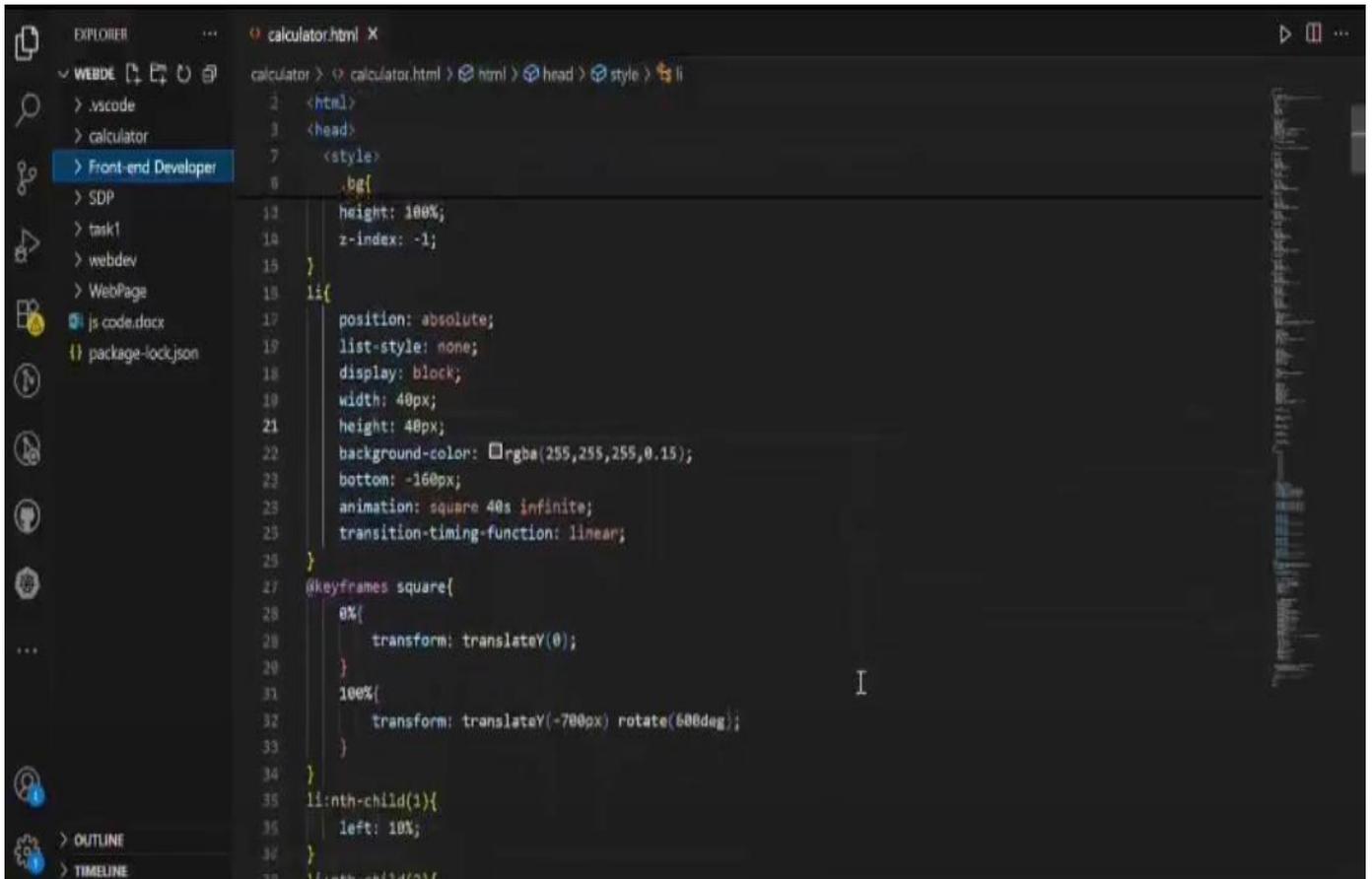
- Test your calculator thoroughly, checking for proper input handling, accurate calculations, and a responsive user interface.

11. Refinement (Optional):

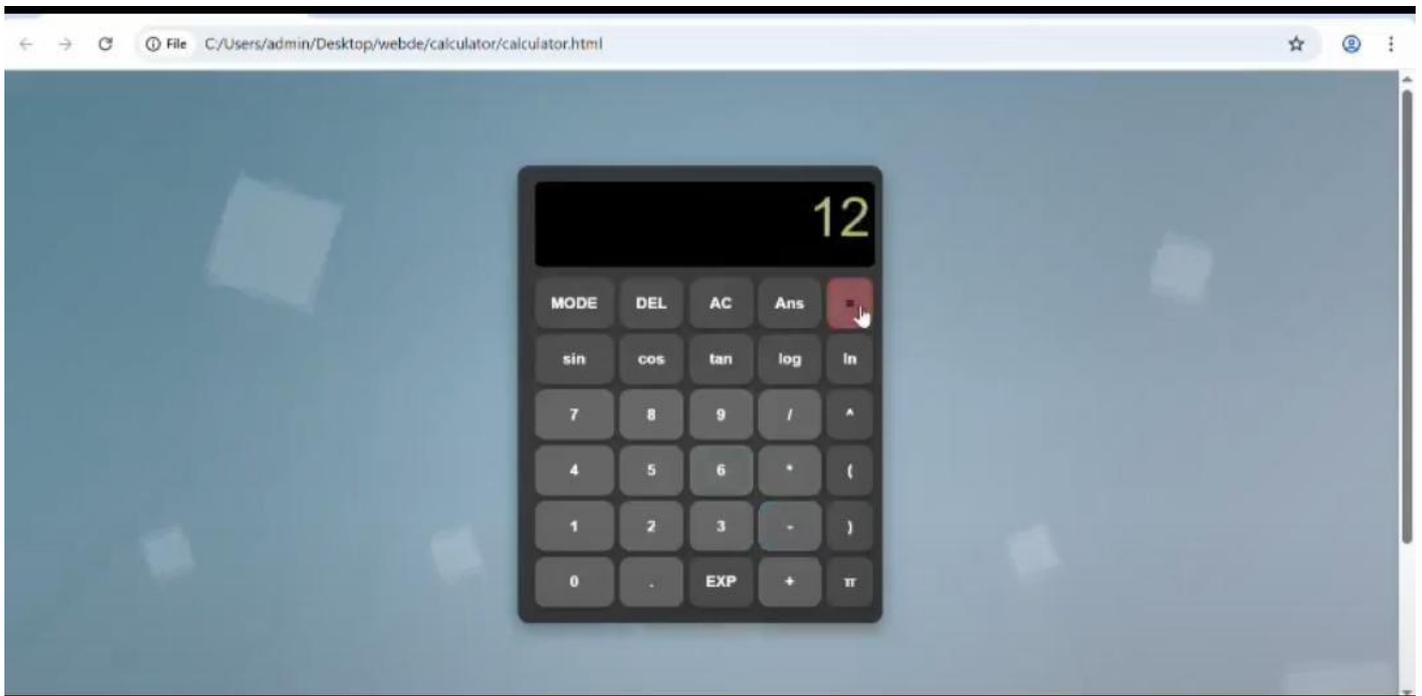
- Refine the calculator based on user feedback or additional features you want to add. Consider accessibility and responsiveness.

These steps provide a general guideline for creating a basic calculator. The actual implementation may vary based on your specific design and functionality requirements.

OUTPUT:



```
calculator.html X
calculator > calculator.html > html > head > style > li
2 <html>
3 <head>
7 <style>
8 .bg{
12 height: 100%;
14 z-index: -1;
15 }
18 li{
17 position: absolute;
19 list-style: none;
20 display: block;
21 width: 40px;
22 height: 40px;
23 background-color: rgba(255,255,255,0.15);
24 bottom: -160px;
25 animation: square 40s infinite;
26 transition-timing-function: linear;
27 }
28 @keyframes square{
29 0%{
30 transform: translateY(0);
31 }
32 100%{
33 transform: translateY(-700px) rotate(60deg);
34 }
35 }
36 li:nth-child(1){
37 left: 10%;
38 }
39 li:nth-child(2){
```



TASK 2: ECOMMERCE WEBSITE TASK:

OBJECTIVE:

1. Static Product Display:

a. Create HTML elements to display a set of products with static information (name, image, price, description). This can BEhard-coded directly into the HTML file.

2. Navigation:

a. Design a navigation menu using HTML and CSS to allow users to navigate between different sections of your static site.

3. Shopping Cart Representation:

a. Include a static representation of a shopping cart, showing a list of selected items. The cart doesn't need to interact with a server or update dynamically; it can BEa visual representation only.

4. Responsive Design:

a. Ensure that your website is responsive using CSS media queries so that it looks good on various devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones.

5. CSS Styling:

a. Apply CSS styles to enhance the visual appeal of your website. This includes fonts, colors, layout, and any additional styling to make the site visually appealing.

6. Links and Buttons:

a. Implement clickable links and buttons for navigation and basic user interactions. For example, a button to add an item to the cart (even though it doesn't perform any dynamic action).

7. Footer:

a. Include a footer section with static information like contact details, social

media links, or any other relevant information.

8. Form (Optional):

a. If you want to simulate a bit more interactivity, you can create a basic form for users to input their details, even though this information won't be processed.

HOW TO PERFORM:

Step 1: Define Project Structure

1. Create a Project Folder:

- Make a new folder on your computer for your project.

2. HTML File:

- Inside the project folder, create an HTML file (e.g., `index.html`).

6. CSS File:

- Create a CSS file (e.g., `styles.css`) in the same project folder.

Step 2: Set Up HTML Structure

4. HTML Boilerplate:

- Open the HTML file and set up the basic structure with ``<!DOCTYPE html>``, ``<html>``, ``<head>``, and ``<body>`` tags.

5. Head Section:

- Inside the ``<head>`` tag, include a ``<meta charset="UTF-8">`` for character encoding, a ``<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">`` for responsiveness, a ``<link>`` tag to link your CSS file, and a ``<title>`` tag for your site's title.

6. Body Section:

- In the ``<body>`` tag, create sections for the header, main content, shopping cart,

and footer.

Step 3: Add Content to HTML

7. Header Section:

- Include a header section with the site's name and a navigation menu (Home, Products, Contact).

8. Main Content Section:

- Add a section for displaying static product listings. Include product images, names, descriptions, and "Add to Cart" buttons.

9. Shopping Cart Section:

- Create a section to display a static representation of the shopping cart. This can include a list of selected items.

10. Footer Section:

- Add a footer section with contact information.

Step 4: Style with CSS

11. CSS File:

- Open your CSS file and start styling the HTML elements. Apply styles for the header, navigation, product listings, shopping cart, and footer.

12. Layout and Formatting:

- Use CSS to define the layout, such as setting margins, padding, and borders.

13. Fonts and Colors:

- Choose appropriate fonts and colors to make your website visually appealing.

14. Responsive Design:

- Implement responsive design using media queries to ensure your site looks good on

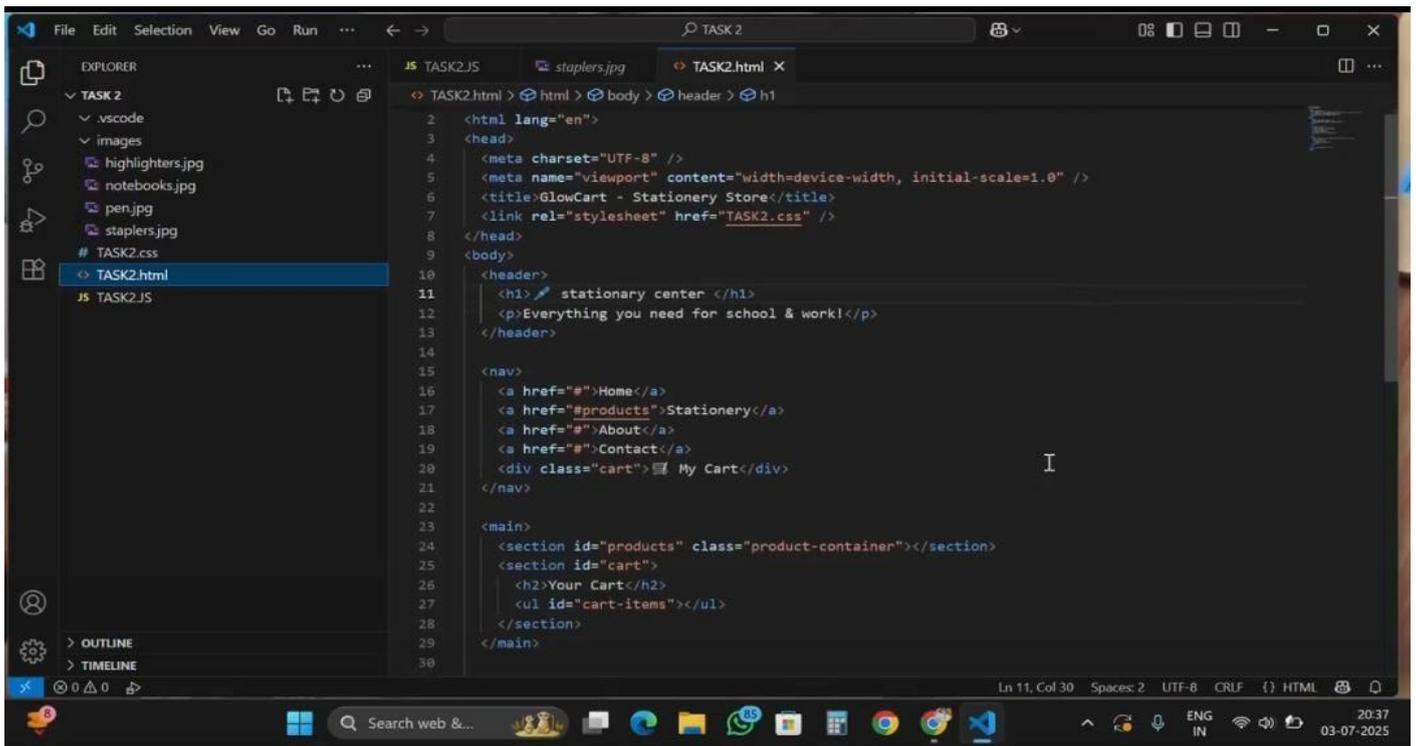
various devices.

Step 5: Preview Your Site

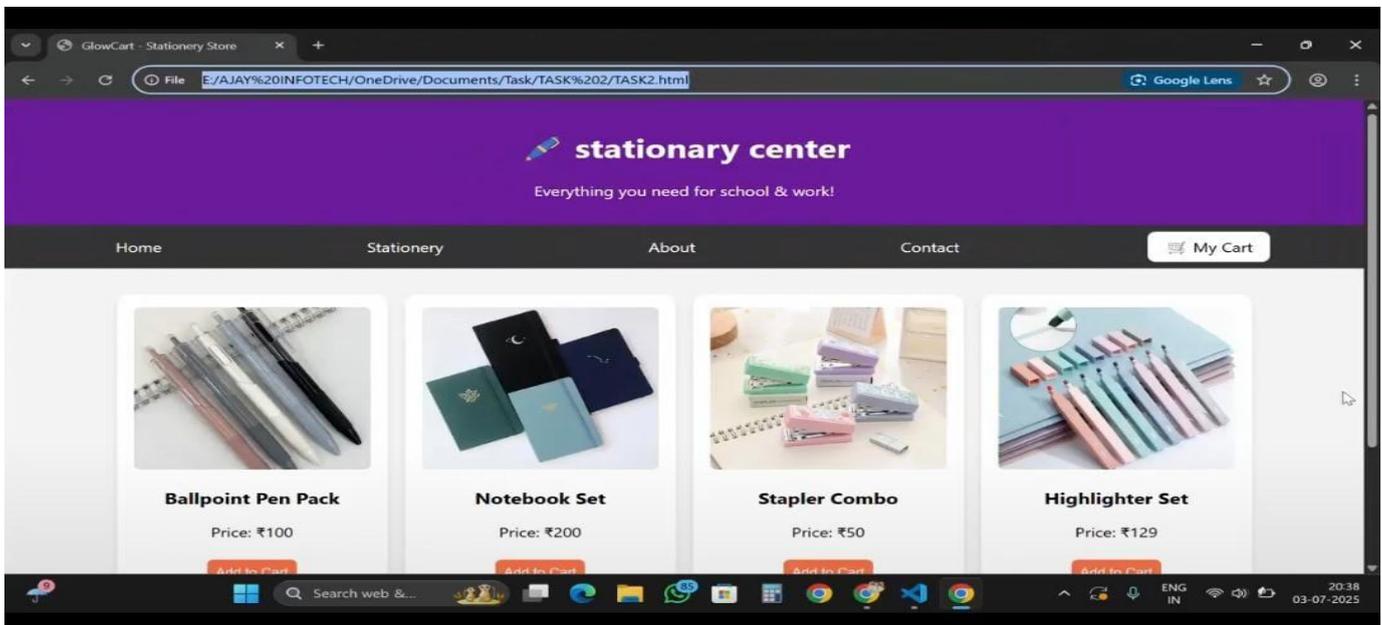
15. Open in a Browser:

- Open your HTML file in a web browser to preview your basic static eCommerce Website

OUTPUT:



```
1 <html lang="en">
2 <head>
3   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
4   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
5   <title>GlowCart - Stationery Store</title>
6   <link rel="stylesheet" href="TASK2.css" />
7 </head>
8 <body>
9   <header>
10    <h1>stationary center </h1>
11    <p>Everything you need for school & work!</p>
12  </header>
13  <nav>
14    <a href="#">Home</a>
15    <a href="#products">Stationery</a>
16    <a href="#">About</a>
17    <a href="#">Contact</a>
18    <div class="cart"> My Cart</div>
19  </nav>
20  <main>
21    <section id="products" class="product-container"></section>
22    <section id="cart">
23      <h2>Your Cart</h2>
24      <ul id="cart-items"></ul>
25    </section>
26  </main>
27 </body>
28 </html>
```



TASK 3: TO-DO LIST TASK:

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of creating a basic To-Do List with HTML, CSS, and JavaScript is to provide a simple and interactive way for users to manage and organize their tasks.

Here are the key objectives:

1. HTML Structure:

- Create a structured HTML document with elements to represent the overall layout of the To-Do List application.
- Include sections for the task input, task list, and any other relevant components.

2. Task Input:

- Implement an input field where users can enter new tasks they want to add to the To-Do List.
- Add a button or form submission mechanism to add tasks to the list.

3. Task List:

- Display the list of tasks dynamically as they are added by the user.

- Each task item should include a checkbox or another interactive element to mark the task as completed.

4. Styling with CSS:

- Apply CSS styles to create an aesthetically pleasing and user-friendly interface. - Use styles to differentiate between completed and pending tasks.

5. Task Interactivity with JavaScript:

- Implement JavaScript to handle the logic of adding tasks to the list.
- Create functionality to mark tasks as completed or remove them from the list.

6. Local Storage (Optional):

- Optionally, use JavaScript to store the To-Do List data in the browser's local storage.
- This allows users to persist their tasks even if they refresh the page.

7. User Feedback:

- Provide feedback to the user when a task is added or completed.
- Use visual cues to indicate the status of tasks, such as different colors for completed and pending tasks.

8. Responsiveness:

- Ensure that the To-Do List application is responsive and works well on various devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones.

9. Accessibility:

- Make the To-Do List accessible by using semantic HTML and providing appropriate labels for interactive elements.
- Ensure that the application can be navigated and used with a keyboard.

10. Clear and Simple User Interface:

- Keep the user interface clean and straightforward.
- Avoid unnecessary complexity, focusing on essential features for a basic To-Do List.

11. Error Handling:

- Implement error handling to manage cases where users might submit empty tasks or encounter other issues.

12. Testing:

- Test the To-Do List application thoroughly to ensure that it works as expected in different scenarios.

HOW TO PERFORM:

1. HTML Structure:

- Create an HTML file with the basic structure, including sections for the task input, task list, and any other relevant components.

2. Task Input:

- Implement an input field for users to enter new tasks.
- Add a button or a form submission mechanism to add tasks to the list.

3. Task List:

- Dynamically display the list of tasks as they are added.
- Include an interactive element (e.g., checkbox) for marking tasks as completed.

4. Styling with CSS:

- Apply CSS styles to create an aesthetically pleasing and user-friendly interface.
- Consider using different styles to differentiate between completed and pending tasks.

5. Task Interactivity with JavaScript:

- Use JavaScript to handle the logic of adding tasks to the list.
- Create functionality to mark tasks as completed or remove them from the list.

6. Local Storage (Optional):

- Optionally, use JavaScript to store To-Do List data in the browser's local storage.
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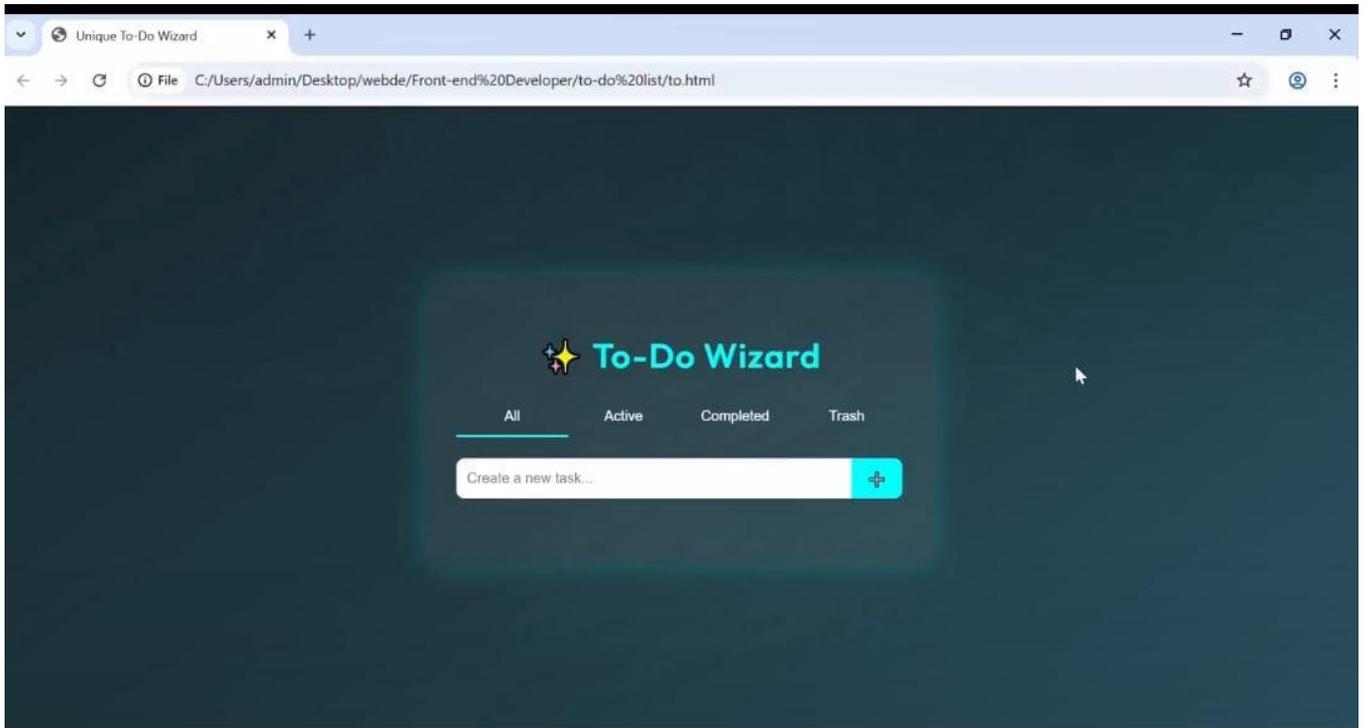
12. Testing:

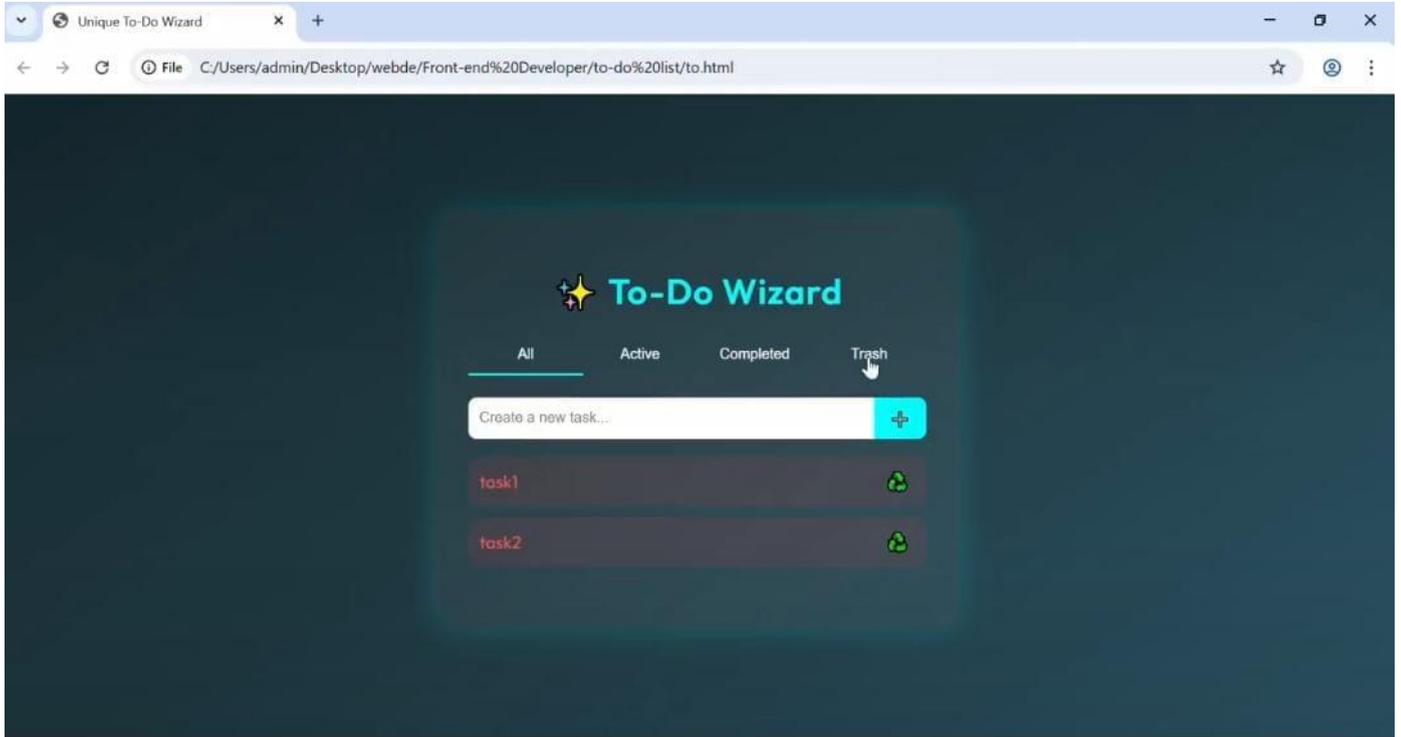
- Test the To-Do List application thoroughly to ensure that it works as expected in different scenarios

OUTPUT:

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run ... webde
EXPLORER
  WEBDE
    .vscode
    calculator
    Front-end Developer
      digital clock
      Level1
      Level2
      Level3
      Mini project
      to-do list
        to.html
        IEEE.html
      SDP
      task1
      webdev
      WebPage
      js code.docx
      package-lock.json
    OUTLINE
    TIMELINE
  Launchpad
  Live Share
Ln 225, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF {} HTML Quokka

to.html
Front-end Developer > to-do list > to.html > ...
  2 <html lang="en">
  3 <head>
  7 <style>
 10   body {
 11     margin: 0;
 12     background: linear-gradient(145deg, #0f2027, #203a43, #2c5364);
 13     font-family: 'Outfit', sans-serif;
 14     color: white;
 15     display: flex;
 16     justify-content: center;
 17     align-items: center;
 18     height: 100vh;
 19   }
 21   .todo-container {
 22     background: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.05);
 23     border-radius: 20px;
 24     padding: 30px;
 25     backdrop-filter: blur(15px);
 26     box-shadow: 0 0 25px rgba(0, 255, 0.2);
 27     width: 90%;
 28     max-width: 420px;
 29   }
 31   h1 {
 32     text-align: center;
 33     margin-bottom: 20px;
 34     color: #00ff;
 35     letter-spacing: 1px;
 36 }
```





TASK 4: CONNECT 4 GAME TASK:

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of creating a basic Connect 4 game using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript is to implement a simple and interactive two-player game where players take turns dropping colored discs into a vertically suspended grid. The primary goals include:

1. HTML Structure:

- Develop the HTML structure to represent the game board, including columns and slots for placing discs.

2. CSS Styling:

- Apply CSS styles to create an appealing and visually clear game board.
- Use styling to differentiate between player discs and highlight the winning sequence.

3. JavaScript Logic:

- Implement JavaScript to handle game mechanics, including player turns, disc dropping animations, and checking for a winning condition.

4. User Interaction:

- Allow users to interact with the game by clicking on columns to drop their discs.
- Provide visual feedback for the current player's turn and the outcome of each move.

Winning Conditions:

- Define the winning conditions, such as having four consecutive discs of the same color in a row, column, or diagonal.
- Display a winning message when a player achieves victory.

- Reset and Replay:

- Include functionality to reset the game board and start a new match. - Allow players to replay the game without refreshing the page.

- Responsive Design:

- Ensure the game is responsive and playable on various devices, adapting to different screen sizes.

- User Experience:

- Focus on creating a smooth and enjoyable user experience with intuitive controls and clear visual feedback.

- Optional Features (if time allows):

- Add features like sound effects for dropping discs or winning.
- Implement a score system to keep track of multiple rounds.
- Enhance the visual design with additional graphics or animations.

HOW TO PERFORM:

1. Game Board Setup:

- Design the game board structure using HTML, representing columns and slots for discs.
- Use CSS to style the board with a visually appealing layout.

2. Player Turns:

- Implement JavaScript logic to handle player turns. Toggle between players after each move.

3. Disc Placement:

- Enable user interaction by allowing players to click on columns to drop their discs. - Create animations or visual cues for smooth disc dropping.

4. Board State Tracking:

- Use JavaScript to keep track of the state of the game board, including the positions of player discs.

5. Winning Check:

- Develop a function to check for winning conditions after each move. - Detect four consecutive discs horizontally, vertically, or diagonally.

6. Winning Feedback:

- Provide clear and visible feedback when a player wins. This could include highlighting the winning combination or displaying a winning message.

7. Reset and Replay:

- Implement a reset function to clear the board for a new game. - Allow players to replay without needing to refresh the page.

8. Responsive Design:

- Ensure the game is responsive to different screen sizes and orientations. - Optimize the layout for both desktop and mobile devices.

9. User Interface Enhancements:

- Consider adding user-friendly features such as hover effects, tooltips, or subtle animations to improve the overall user experience.

10. Testing and Debugging:

- Test the game thoroughly, including edge cases like tie games or unexpected user inputs. - Debug and refine the code to ensure smooth gameplay.

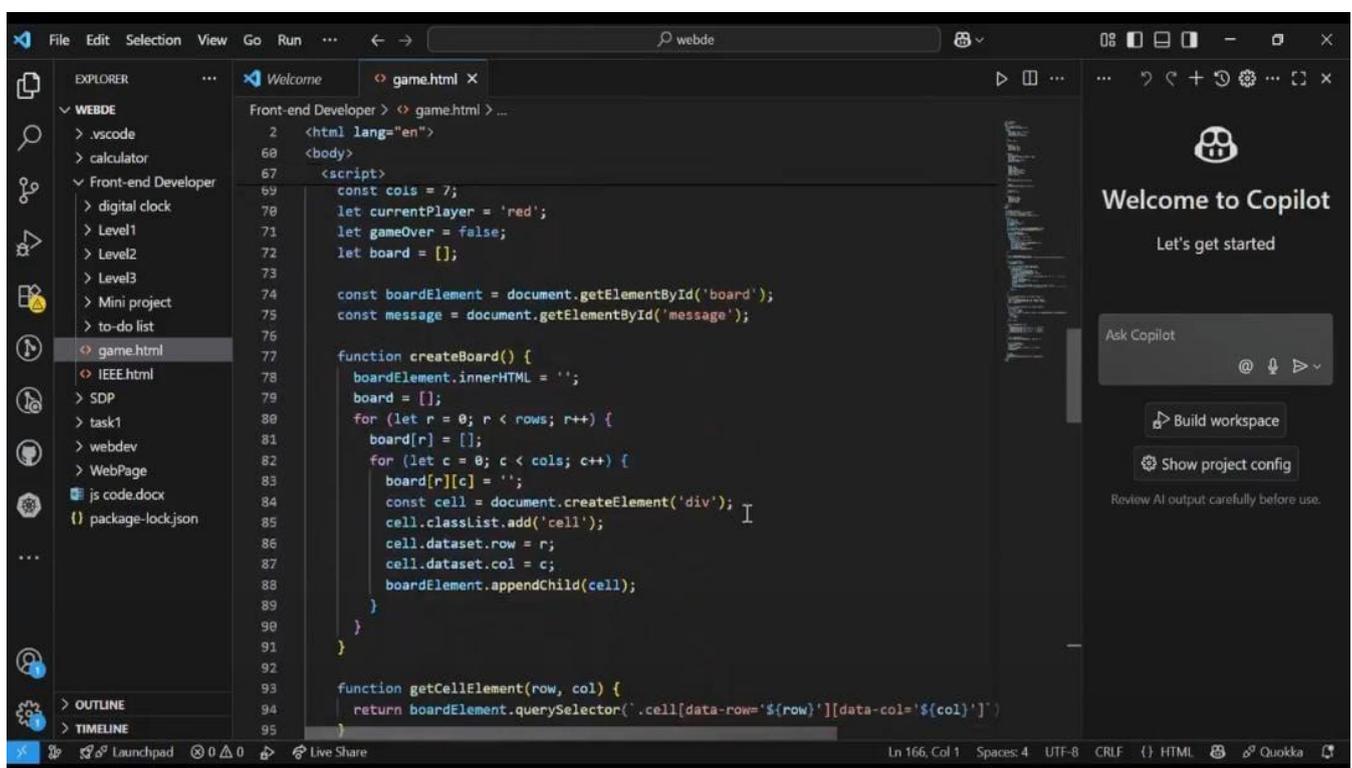
11. Accessibility Considerations:

- Make the game accessible by using semantic HTML and ensuring that interactive elements are keyboard-friendly.

12. Optional Features (if time allows):

- Explore additional features like a timer for each turn, multiplayer support, or customizable disc colors

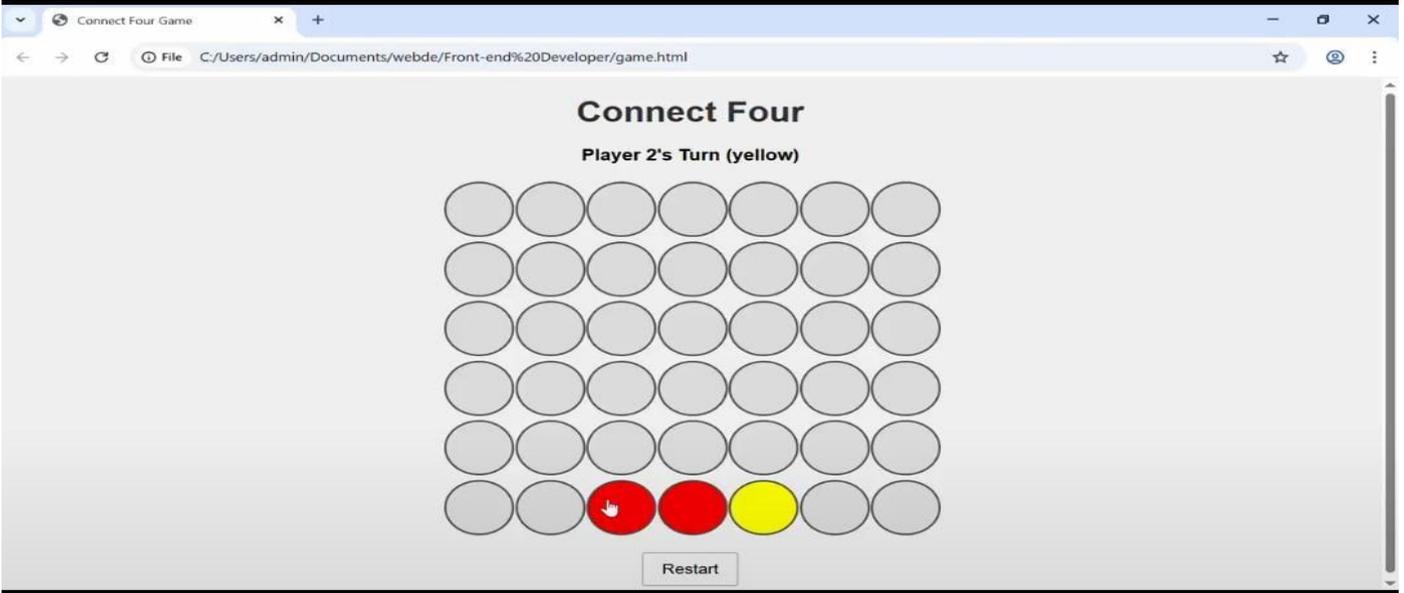
OUTPUT:



The image shows a screenshot of the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The main editor window displays the code for 'game.html'. The code includes HTML tags for the document structure and JavaScript functions for creating a game board and retrieving a cell element. The Copilot sidebar is visible on the right, displaying a 'Welcome to Copilot' message and an 'Ask Copilot' input field. The status bar at the bottom indicates the current cursor position and file encoding.

```
2 <html lang="en">
60 <body>
67 <script>
69   const cols = 7;
70   let currentPlayer = 'red';
71   let gameOver = false;
72   let board = [];
73
74   const boardElement = document.getElementById('board');
75   const message = document.getElementById('message');
76
77   function createBoard() {
78     boardElement.innerHTML = '';
79     board = [];
80     for (let r = 0; r < rows; r++) {
81       board[r] = [];
82       for (let c = 0; c < cols; c++) {
83         board[r][c] = '';
84         const cell = document.createElement('div');
85         cell.classList.add('cell');
86         cell.dataset.row = r;
87         cell.dataset.col = c;
88         boardElement.appendChild(cell);
89       }
90     }
91   }
92
93   function getCellElement(row, col) {
94     return boardElement.querySelector(`.cell[data-row='${row}'][data-col='${col}']`);
95   }

```



CONCLUSION

My **Software Testing Internship at Bugbusterslabs** has been an immensely enriching and insightful experience, providing me with **hands-on exposure to real-world testing environments** and practical understanding of **API validation, bug reporting, and quality assurance processes**. Throughout this internship, I have developed a deeper appreciation for the precision, analytical thinking, and attention to detail required in the field of software testing and cybersecurity.

One of the most significant aspects of this internship was working on **API testing modules**, where I learned to perform **functional and negative testing**, analyze **request–response structures**, and validate **data integrity and performance consistency** using tools such as **Postman**. These exercises enhanced my ability to design effective **test cases**, identify potential vulnerabilities, and ensure the robustness of software systems.

In addition to API validation, I gained valuable exposure to **bug bounty platforms** and the **responsible disclosure process**, which deepened my understanding of how ethical hackers and organizations collaborate to strengthen cybersecurity. Through this, I learned how structured testing, accurate documentation, and clear communication contribute to maintaining the security and reliability of digital systems.

This internship also emphasized the importance of **collaboration, communication, and continuous learning**. Working under professional mentorship allowed me to receive constructive feedback, refine my testing approach, and strengthen both my **technical and analytical capabilities**. The supportive learning environment at Bugbusterslabs encouraged me to think critically, document findings precisely, and maintain a methodical workflow in all assigned tasks.

Overall, this internship has been a pivotal step in my professional development. It has equipped me with the **technical expertise, ethical mindset, and confidence** to take on complex testing challenges in real-world projects. I am sincerely grateful to my mentors and the team at **Bugbusterslabs** for their guidance, knowledge sharing, and consistent encouragement throughout this journey. The experience has laid a strong foundation for my future career in **software testing and cybersecurity**.

FUTURE ASPECTS :

- **Integration of Automated Testing Frameworks:**

Explore the use of modern automation tools such as **Selenium, Cypress, or Playwright** to perform end-to-end testing.

Implement automated test scripts for APIs and web interfaces to improve efficiency, accuracy, and repeatability of test cycles.

- **Expansion into Security Testing:**

Extend testing practices to include **penetration testing, vulnerability scanning, and ethical hacking methodologies** using tools like **Burp Suite, OWASP ZAP, or Metasploit**.

This would help in identifying deeper security flaws and enhancing the robustness of applications.

- **API Performance and Load Testing:**

Incorporate tools such as **JMeter** or **K6** to conduct performance and stress testing on APIs.

Analyze system response under varying loads to ensure scalability and reliability in real-world environments.

- **Integration with CI/CD Pipelines:**

Automate the testing process by integrating test cases within **Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD)** workflows using platforms like **Jenkins, GitHub Actions, or GitLab CI**.

This ensures faster feedback, consistent code quality, and efficient deployment cycles.

- **Database Testing and Validation:**

Expand testing coverage to include **database integrity, schema validation, and data consistency checks**.

Ensure CRUD operations are validated and secure across all layers of the application.

- **Cloud-Based Testing Environments:**

Utilize **cloud platforms** such as **AWS, Azure, or Google Cloud Testing Services** to simulate distributed testing environments and scalability scenarios.

This enables broader coverage of real-world conditions and enhances collaboration among testers.

- **Integration of AI in Software Testing:**

Explore the use of **AI-powered testing tools** that leverage machine learning for predictive analytics, anomaly detection, and smart test case generation.

Implementing such systems can reduce manual effort and improve defect prediction accuracy.

- **Enhanced Reporting and Visualization:**

Develop detailed **test dashboards and analytics systems** using visualization tools like **Power BI** or **Tableau** to represent bug trends, performance metrics, and quality insights more effectively.

- **Compliance and Security Documentation:**

Focus on implementing **compliance-based testing frameworks** adhering to standards such as **OWASP Top 10**, **ISO 27001**, and **GDPR**.

Maintain structured documentation to ensure audit readiness and regulatory alignment.

- **Career and Research Opportunities:**

Continue exploring specialized domains such as **cybersecurity auditing**, **QA automation**, and **penetration testing research**.

Contribute to the cybersecurity community through publications, vulnerability reporting, and participation in **bug bounty programs**.

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